

Present simple: the third person

Sheet 1

Nome _____ Data _____

The model

I play. You play. We play. They play.

He plays. She plays. It plays. (attenzione alla S)

I don't play. He doesn't play.

Do you play? Does he play?

1 Scrivi la terza persona singolare (he / she / it).

read _____

play _____

go _____

watch _____

study _____

fly _____

live _____

do _____

Le tre eccezioni. Dopo O, CH, SH, SS, X si aggiunge **-ES**: *goes, watches, washes*. Se il verbo finisce in consonante + Y, la Y diventa **-IES**: *study > studies*. Se finisce in vocale + Y resta com'è: *play > plays*.

2 Completa con la forma giusta del verbo fra parentesi.

My sister _____ (go) to school at eight.

We _____ (live) in a small town.

Tom _____ (watch) TV every evening.

They _____ (play) football on Saturday.

My father _____ (read) the newspaper.

Anna _____ (study) English and French.

My day: what time is it?

Nome _____ Data _____

The model

It's seven o'clock. 7:00

It's half past seven. 7:30

It's a quarter past seven. 7:15

It's a quarter to eight. 7:45

3 Scrivi l'ora in inglese.

9:00 _____

10:30 _____

4:15 _____

6:45 _____

12:00 _____

3:30 _____

4 Completa con la parola giusta: get up, have, go, come, do.

I _____ up at seven o'clock.

I _____ breakfast at half past seven.

I _____ to school at eight.

I _____ home at four o'clock.

I _____ my homework at five.

I _____ to bed at nine.

5 E tu? Scrivi due cose della tua giornata con l'ora vera.

I get up at _____

I _____

Do you like...?

Nome _____ Data _____

The model

I like pizza. I don't like fish.

He likes pizza. He doesn't like fish.

Do you like pizza? Yes, I do. / No, I don't.

Does she like pizza? Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't.

6 Completa con DON'T oppure DOESN'T.

I _____ like cold weather.

My brother _____ like vegetables.

We _____ like long films.

Sara _____ like getting up early.

My parents _____ like loud music.

The cat _____ like water.

7 Rispondi con la verità: Yes, I do. oppure No, I don't.

Do you like maths? _____ Do you like snow? _____

Do you like reading? _____ Do you like spiders? _____

Do you like swimming? _____ Do you like Mondays? _____

Where is it? Prepositions

Nome _____ Data _____

The model

in = dentro on = sopra (appoggiato)

under = sotto behind = dietro

in front of = davanti next to = accanto

between = in mezzo a due cose

8 Completa con la preposizione giusta.

The cat is _____ the box. (dentro)

The book is _____ the table. (sopra)

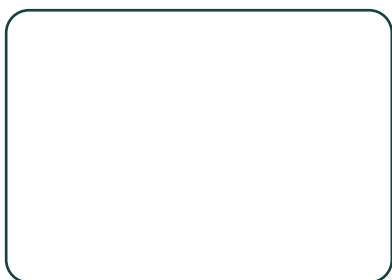
The ball is _____ the bed. (sotto)

The door is _____ me. (davanti)

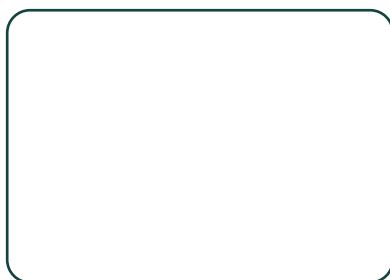
The chair is _____ the window. (accanto)

The clock is _____ the two windows. (in mezzo)

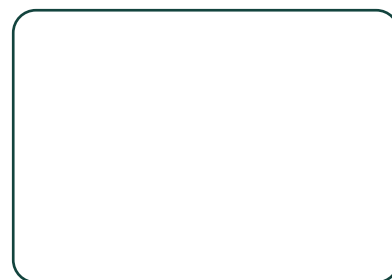
9 Disegna quello che leggi. Non serve saper disegnare bene: serve mettere le cose al posto giusto.



A cat under a table.



A ball in a box.



A bird on a tree.

10 Guardati intorno e scrivi due frasi vere sulla tua aula.

The _____

The _____

Clothes and weather

Sheet 5

Nome _____ Data _____

The model

What's the weather like? It's sunny. It's raining.

It's hot. It's cold. It's windy. It's snowing. It's cloudy.

I'm wearing a red jumper and blue trousers.

11 Scrivi in inglese.

il cappotto _____ le scarpe _____ i pantaloni _____

il maglione _____ il cappello _____ la sciarpa _____

12 Completa con il capo di vestiario giusto.

It's raining. I need my _____ and my umbrella.

It's very cold. I'm wearing a warm _____.

It's snowing. Put on your _____ and your gloves.

It's sunny and hot. I'm wearing a _____ and shorts.

It's windy. Hold your _____!

13 Completa. Attenzione: sono terze persone, serve la S.

In winter it's very _____.

In summer it's _____ and sunny.

When it _____ (rain), I use my umbrella.

In autumn it often _____ (blow) hard.

In December it sometimes _____ (snow).

14 Guarda fuori dalla finestra e scrivi una frase vera.

Today it's _____

Jobs: what does he do?

Nome _____ Data _____

The model

What do you do? I'm a student.

What does he do? He's a doctor.

What does she do? She's a teacher.

15 Completa con il mestiere giusto.

She works in a school. She's a _____.

He works in a hospital. He's a _____.

She makes bread. She's a _____.

He puts out fires. He's a _____.

She flies a plane. She's a _____.

He cooks in a restaurant. He's a _____.

She writes books. She's a _____.

He drives a bus. He's a _____.

16 Completa con DO, DOES, DON'T oppure DOESN'T.

_____ your mother work in a hospital?

What _____ your father do?

My aunt _____ work on Sunday.

_____ they work in an office?

I _____ know what he does.

17 Scrivi che lavoro fa una persona della tua famiglia.

My _____

Numbers to 100, days and months

Nome _____ Data _____

The tens

10 **ten**60 **sixty**20 **twenty**70 **seventy**30 **thirty**80 **eighty**40 **forty**90 **ninety**50 **fifty**100 **one hundred**

18 Scrivi il numero in lettere. Attenzione al trattino.

24 _____

38 _____

51 _____

76 _____

99 _____

42 _____

19 Completa.

The first month of the year is _____.

The last month of the year is _____.

The day after Monday is _____.

The day before Sunday is _____.

In Italy school starts in _____.

Ricorda: in inglese i giorni e i mesi si scrivono sempre con la **lettera maiuscola**, anche in mezzo alla frase. In italiano no: è l'errore numero uno in quarta.

A story: The Wednesday cake

Nome _____ Data _____

The Wednesday cake

Mrs Parker lives in a small house near the river. She is eighty-two.

Every Wednesday she makes a cake and puts it on the window.

The children come back from school at four o'clock. They stop, they look at the cake and they say: «Good afternoon, Mrs Parker!»

Mrs Parker opens the window and gives everybody a piece.

One Wednesday there is no cake on the window. The children knock on the door. Nobody answers.

On Thursday Mrs Parker is at the window again. She has got a very big cake.

«I'm sorry,» she says. «Yesterday I was ill. Today the cake is bigger.»

20 Tick the right answer.

1. Where does Mrs Parker live?

- ☐ A In a big house
- ☐ B Near the river
- ☐ C Near the school

2. What time do the children come back?

- ☐ A At three o'clock
- ☐ B At four o'clock
- ☐ C At five o'clock

3. Why is there no cake one Wednesday?

- ☐ A Because she is ill
- ☐ B Because she is away
- ☐ C Because the children are late

21 True or false? Write T or F.

1. Mrs Parker is eighty-two.

☐

2. She puts the cake on the table.

☐

3. The children knock on the door.

☐

4. On Thursday the cake is smaller.

☐

Che cosa cambia in quarta

In terza il bambino impara a dire *io*. In quarta impara a dire *lui* e *lei*, e con quello arriva la S della terza persona: la prima regola dell'inglese che non si può ricavare dall'italiano, perché in italiano il verbo cambia sempre e in inglese cambia una volta sola.

La scheda 1 va ripresa tutto l'anno. Un bambino di quarta non impara la S in una lezione: la impara dimenticandola venti volte. Conviene rifare l'esercizio dei verbi ogni due o tre settimane, e correggere sempre con la stessa domanda — «chi fa questa cosa?» — invece di dare la regola.

La scheda 4 chiede di disegnare. Non si valuta il disegno: si valuta se il gatto è sotto il tavolo. È l'unico modo di verificare una preposizione senza passare dalla traduzione, e funziona anche con chi in italiano legge male.

La scheda 7 finisce con l'errore numero uno della classe quarta: giorni e mesi con la minuscola. Vale la pena scrivere *Monday* e *lunedì* uno sopra l'altro alla lavagna e lasciarli lì per una settimana.

La storia della scheda 8 è costruita quasi tutta al present simple con la terza persona (*lives, makes, puts, opens, gives, answers, says*): serve a far vedere la regola della scheda 1 dentro un testo vero, non dentro sei frasi staccate.

Soluzioni. Sheet 1: reads · plays · goes · watches · studies · flies · lives · does; goes · live · watches · play · reads · studies. **Sheet 2:** It's nine o'clock · It's half past ten · It's a quarter past four · It's a quarter to seven · It's twelve o'clock · It's half past three; get · have · go · come · do · go. **Sheet 3:** don't · doesn't · don't · doesn't · don't · doesn't; le risposte sono libere ma devono essere *Yes, I do.* oppure *No, I don't.* **Sheet 4:** in · on · under · in front of · next to · between. **Sheet 5:** coat · shoes · trousers · jumper · hat · scarf; coat · jumper · scarf · T-shirt · hat; cold · hot · rains · blows · snows. **Sheet 6:** teacher · doctor · baker · firefighter · pilot · cook · writer · bus driver; Does · does · doesn't · Do · don't. **Sheet 7:** twenty-four · thirty-eight · fifty-one · seventy-six · ninety-nine · forty-two; January · December · Tuesday · Saturday · September. **Sheet 8:** B · B · A; T · F · T · F.